

Agriculture Committee

Wednesday, February 22, 2006 1:30 pm - 4:30 pm 214 The Capitol

MEETING PACKET

Second Revised

Committee Meeting Notice HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Speaker Allan G. Bense

Agriculture Committee

Start Date and Time:

Wednesday, February 22, 2006 01:30 pm

End Date and Time:

Wednesday, February 22, 2006 04:30 pm

Location:

214 Capitol

Duration:

3.00 hrs

Consideration of the following bill(s):

HB 507 Exemptions from the Tax on Sales, Use, and Other Transactions by Kreegel HB 641 Animal Service Providers by Russell

Consideration of the following proposed committee bill(s):

PCB AG 06-01 -- Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services

Interim project presentations:

Aerial Fire Suppression

Review of Florida Agricultural Best Management Practices (BMPs)

Burn Authorization Process, Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services' Division of Forestry

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #:

HB 507

Exemptions from the Tax on Sales, Use, and Other Transactions

SPONSOR(S): Kreegel and others

TIED BILLS:

IDEN./SIM. BILLS:

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR
1) Agriculture Committee		Kaiser 🗸	Reese Al
2) Finance & Tax Committee			
3) State Resources Council			·
4)			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5)			

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

This bill reaffirms the exemption, adopted by the 2005 Legislature, of the 2.5 percent sales tax imposed on purchases of power farm equipment used exclusively by a farmer for the purpose of low-volume irrigation.

There is no fiscal impact to state or local government.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h0507.AG.doc

DATE:

1/26/2006

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. HOUSE PRINCIPLES ANALYSIS:

Ensure lower taxes: The bill reaffirms the elimination of the sales tax on power farm equipment, specifically low-volume irrigation equipment.

B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Section 212.08, F.S., provides for specific exemptions from the sales and use tax imposed by chapter 212, F.S. The statutes currently provide more than 200 non-service exemptions. Exemptions generally take the form of identifying specifically exempt items, exempting items when used for particular purposes, and exempting purchases or sales by certain types of organizations, such as the government, churches, and charitable organizations.

During the 2005 legislation session, section 212.08(3), F.S., was amended to provide a full exemption for power farm equipment used exclusively on a farm or in a forest for production of agricultural crops or products regarded as agriculture.¹

HB 507 reaffirms that exemption.

C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1: Amends s. 212.08, F.S.; provides an exemption for power farm equipment.

Section 2: Provides an effective date of upon becoming law.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1.	Revenues:
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None

2. Expenditures:

None

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None

2. Expenditures:

None

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

None

¹ s. 570.02(1), F.S. **STORAGE NAME**:

DATE:

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

None

2. Other:

None

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

The bill, as drafted, does not achieve the intended purpose of the sponsor. A strike-all amendment will be offered to achieve the intended purpose.

IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE & COMBINED BILL CHANGES

STORAGE NAME: DATE: h0507.AG.doc 1/26/2006

2006 HB 507

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to exemptions from the tax on sales, use, and other transactions; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; including in the exemption for items in agricultural use certain agricultural machinery or farm equipment used for low-volume irrigation; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions .-- The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

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(5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE. --

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exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter nets designed and used exclusively by commercial fisheries; disinfectants, fertilizers, insecticides, pesticides, herbicides, fungicides,

Items in agricultural use and certain nets.--There are

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and weed killers used for application on crops or groves,

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including commercial nurseries and home vegetable gardens, used in dairy barns or on poultry farms for the purpose of protecting poultry or livestock, or used directly on poultry or livestock;

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portable containers or movable receptacles in which portable

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containers are placed, used for processing farm products; field

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HB 507

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and garden seeds, including flower seeds; nursery stock, seedlings, cuttings, or other propagative material purchased for growing stock; seeds, seedlings, cuttings, and plants used to produce food for human consumption; cloth, plastic, and other similar materials used for shade, mulch, or protection from frost or insects on a farm; generators used on poultry farms; agricultural machinery or self-propelled power-drawn farm equipment used exclusively by a farmer on a farm owned, leased, or sharecropped by the farmer for the purpose of low-volume irrigation; and liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel used to heat a structure in which started pullets or broilers are raised; however, such exemption shall not be allowed unless the purchaser or lessee signs a certificate stating that the item to be exempted is for the exclusive use designated herein. Also exempt are cellophane wrappers, glue for tin and glass (apiarists), mailing cases for honey, shipping cases, window cartons, and baling wire and twine used for baling hay, when used by a farmer to contain, produce, or process an agricultural commodity.

Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

Bill No. HB 507

COUNCIL/COMMITTEE ACTION

(Y/N) ADOPTED ADOPTED AS AMENDED (Y/N) __ (Y/N) ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION __ (Y/N) FAILED TO ADOPT __ (Y/N) WITHDRAWN OTHER

Council/Committee hearing bill: Agriculture Representative Kreegel offered the following:

Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions. -- The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE. --(5)
- Items in agricultural use and certain nets. -- There are exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter nets designed and used exclusively by commercial fisheries; disinfectants, fertilizers, insecticides, pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, and weed killers used for application on crops or groves, including commercial nurseries and home vegetable gardens, used in dairy barns or on poultry farms for the purpose of protecting poultry or livestock, or used directly on poultry or livestock;

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Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

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portable containers or movable receptacles in which portable containers are placed, used for processing farm products; field and garden seeds, including flower seeds; nursery stock, seedlings, cuttings, or other propagative material purchased for growing stock; seeds, seedlings, cuttings, and plants used to produce food for human consumption; cloth, plastic, and other similar materials used for shade, mulch, or protection from frost or insects on a farm; generators used on poultry farms; and low-volume or micro-irrigation equipment or components as defined in s. 212.02(33), used in agricultural production liquefied petroleum gas or other fuel used to heat a structure in which started pullets or broilers are raised; however, such exemption shall not be allowed unless the purchaser or lessee signs a certificate stating that the item to be exempted is for the exclusive use designated herein. Also exempt are cellophane wrappers, glue for tin and glass (apiarists), mailing cases for honey, shipping cases, window cartons, and baling wire and twine used for baling hay, when used by a farmer to contain, produce, or process an agricultural commodity.

Section 2. Subsection (33) is added to section 212.02, Florida Statutes, to read:

212.02 Definitions.--The following terms and phrases when used in this chapter have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

(33) "Low-volume or micro-irrigation" means the frequent application of small quantities of water directly on or below the soil surface, usually as discrete drops, tiny streams, or miniature sprays through emitters placed along the water delivery pipes. Low volume and micro-irrigation systems are designed to deliver water at a rate of 45 gallons per hour or

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

less per exit point. The physical components required to apply water by micro-irrigation include all equipment and system components necessary to transport water from the pump or pumping station to the crop through the low-volume or micro-irrigation system. System components include pumps, pumping stations, control stations, filtration equipment pressure regulators, piping, tubing, emitters, valves, fittings, gauges, sensors, sprinklers, and safety devices.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========

Remove the entire title and insert:

amending s. 212.08, F.S.; including in the exemption for items in agricultural use certain agricultural or farm equipment used for low-volume or micro-irrigation; amending s. 212.02, F.S.; providing a definition for low-volume or micro-irrigation; providing an effective date.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #:

HB 641

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SPONSOR(S): Russell rIED BILLS:

Animal Service Providers

IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 1654

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR
1) Agriculture Committee		Kaiser W	Reese A
2) Business Regulation Committee			
3) State Resources Council			
4)			
5)		<u> </u>	

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

This legislation amends the list of exemptions currently contained in the Florida Veterinary Practice Act. The legislation expands the list of exemptions to include an independent contractor providing nonmedical health care service, under the supervision of the animal's owner. The bill limits its effects specifically to livestock, herd, or avian animals. The nonmedical services include, but are not limited to, acupressure, aromatherapy, animal communication, farriery, flower essence therapy, homeopathy, light therapy, magnet therapy, massage therapy, hydrotherapy, nutritional counseling, debeaking, dehorning, and manual equine teeth floating. The bill also allows the owner of a herd animal, raised for food or fiber, to engage an independent contractor to provide routine herd management tasks, such as castration and parasite control.

In addition, the legislation requires the independent contractor to:

- Obtain an occupational license from his/her county of residence;
- Advise each owner of an animal that will be treated of his/her knowledge or experience with the services that will be provided;
- Provide his/her credentials upon the request of each owner of an animal that will be treated;
- Refrain from engaging in animal cruelty; and,
- Refrain from advertising in any way that implies that he/she is a veterinarian.

This bill does not appear to have a fiscal impact on state or local government. The effective date of this legislation is July 1, 2006.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h0641.AG.doc

DATE:

2/9/2006

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. HOUSE PRINCIPLES ANALYSIS:

Safeguard individual liberty: The bill affords animal owners the ability to choose alternative means of health care for their animals.

B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

The Florida Veterinary Practice Act (Chapter 424, F.S.), "finds that the practice of veterinary medicine is potentially dangerous to the public health and safety if conducted by incompetent and unlicensed practitioners." However, every day in Florida farriers are trimming, shoeing and making decisions regarding horses' hoof care; massage therapists are graduating from human and animal massage schools and providing massage services to animals, particularly those in competition; feed companies and feed store owners are giving advice on nutrition and animal health care; trained and experienced equine dentists are providing equine dentistry services that many veterinarians do not provide; and experienced herd management professionals are dehorning cattle.

Theoretically, all of these individuals could be charged with a felony if a complaint was filed against them and, after an investigation, the Department of Business and Professional Regulation (DBPR) found them to be practicing veterinary medicine without a license; even though all of these services are being provided with the consent of the animals' owners.

Chapter 424, F.S., currently provides exemptions¹ relating to acts or conditions not in violation of the Florida Veterinary Practice Act. This legislation expands the list of exemptions to include an independent contractor providing nonmedical health care service, under the supervision of the animals' owner. The bill limits its effects specifically to livestock, herd, or avian animals. The nonmedical services include, but are not limited to, acupressure, aromatherapy, animal communication, farriery, flower essence therapy, homeopathy, light therapy, magnet therapy, massage therapy, hydrotherapy, nutritional counseling, debeaking, dehorning, and manual equine teeth floating. The bill also allows the owner of a herd animal, raised for food or fiber, to engage an independent contractor to provide routine herd management tasks, such as castration and parasite control.

In addition, the legislation requires the independent contractor to:

- Obtain an occupational license from his/her county of residence;
- Advise each owner of an animal that will be treated of his/her knowledge or experience with the services that will be provided;
- Provide his/her credentials upon the request of each owner of an animal that will be treated;
- · Refrain from engaging in animal cruelty; and,
- Refrain from advertising in any way that implies that he/she is a veterinarian.

The Florida Veterinary Medical Association opposes this legislation for the following reasons:

- It creates a new category of animal health care provider, who acts as an alternative to a veterinarian, but is not subject to the same educational or testing requirements as veterinarians;
- It attempts to define services that are medical as "nonmedical" health care services; and
- It provides an exemption for an independent contractor, which is, by definition, different than an employee.

After the 2005 legislative session, when concerns were raised by proponents of this legislation that the use of self-employed individuals on a part-time basis could be considered a violation of the "regular employee" requirements, the Board of Veterinary Medicine (Board) approved a new rule to address this

¹ s. 474.203, F.S. **STORAGE NAME**:

DATE:

PAGE: 2

issue. The Joint Administrative Procedures Committee (JAPC) staff completed a preliminary review of the rule and found some inconsistencies. The Board addressed some of the concerns expressed by JAPC staff and then proceeded with rule adoption, which took place on February 14, 2006. The remaining issues raised by JAPC staff (incorporating the term "spaying" and addressing the "regular employee" issue) will be discussed at the Board's next meeting scheduled for March 14, 2006.

If the Board fails to address the remaining issues through the rule-making process, JAPC staff has the option of preparing an objection. The objection will go before JAPC, with both sides presenting oral arguments. If JAPC rules in favor of the objection, the Board will be given time to propose a new rule to meet the objection. If JAPC rules in favor of the Board, no further action is required.

C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1: Amends s. 474.203, F.S.; provides an exemption from the Florida Veterinary Practice Act.

Section 2: Provides an effective date of July 1, 2006.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

Λ	FISCAL	IMPACT	ON	STATE	GOVERNMENT:
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1. Revenues:

None

2. Expenditures:

None

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None

2. Expenditures:

None

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

Unknown

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

The bill does not require counties or municipalities to take an action requiring the expenditure of funds, does not reduce the authority that counties or municipalities have to raise revenues in the aggregate, and does not reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

2. Other:

None

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE & COMBINED BILL CHANGES

HB 641 2006

A bill to be entitled 1 An act relating to animal service providers; amending s. 2 474.203, F.S.; providing that certain independent 3 contractors administering certain nonmedical health care 4 services to animals are exempt from ch. 474, F.S., 5 relating to veterinary medical practice, subject to 6 7 certain requirements; providing an effective date. 8 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 9 10 Section 1. Subsection (9) is added to section 474.203, 11 Florida Statutes, to read: 12 474.203 Exemptions. -- This chapter shall not apply to: 13 An independent contractor who, under the supervision 14 of a person who is administering to the ills or injuries of his 15 or her own livestock, herd, or avian animals, provides 16 nonmedical health care services to the animals, including, but 17 not limited to, acupressure, aromatherapy, animal communication, 18 farriery, flower essence therapy, homeopathy, light therapy, 19 magnet therapy, massage therapy, hydrotherapy, nutritional 20 counseling, debeaking, dehorning, and manual equine teeth 21 floating. The owner of a herd animal raised for food or fiber 22 may engage an independent contractor to provide routine herd 23 management tasks, including, but not limited to, castration and 24 parasite control. An independent contractor who provides 25 nonmedical health care services for animals and is not a 26

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veterinarian shall:

HB 641 2006

	(a)	Obtain	an	occupational	license	from	his	or	her	county
of	reside	nce.								

- (b) Advise each owner of an animal that will be treated of his or her knowledge or experience with the services that will be provided.
- (c) Provide his or her credentials upon the request of each owner of an animal that will be treated.
 - (d) Refrain from engaging in animal cruelty.

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(e) Refrain from advertising in any way that implies that he or she is a veterinarian.

For the purposes of chapters 465 and 893, persons exempt pursuant to subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (4) are deemed to be duly licensed practitioners authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe drugs or medicinal supplies.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

Bill No. HB 641

COUNCIL/COMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee hearing bill: Agriculture

Representative Russell offered the following:

Amendment

Remove everything after the enacting and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (5) is amended and subsection (9) is

created in section 474.203, Florida Statutes, to read:

474.203 Exemptions. -- This chapter shall not apply to:

(5) Any person, or the person's regular employee, administering to the ills or injuries of her or his own animals, including, but not limited to, castration, spaying, and dehorning of herd animals, unless title has been transferred or employment provided for the purpose of circumventing this law, or an independent contractor, working for the owner of a herd or flock animal, raised for food or fiber, for the purpose of providing routine herd or flock management tasks such as debeaking, castration, dehorning, and parasite control. This exemption shall not apply to out-of-state veterinarians practicing temporarily in the state. However, only a veterinarian may immunize or treat an animal for diseases which

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

are communicable to humans and which are of public health significance.

- (9) (a) An independent contractor who, under the supervision of a person who is administering to the ills or injuries of his or her own livestock, herd, or flock animals, provides any of the following health care services to such animals: acupressure, aromatherapy, animal communication, farriery, flower essence therapy, homeopathy, light therapy, magnet therapy, massage or other touch therapies, hydrotherapy, nutritional counseling and manual equine teeth floating. For purposes of this subsection, the above described services are nonmedical, which means non-prescription and non-surgical.
- (b) An independent contractor who provides nonmedical health care services described in this subsection for livestock, herd, or flock animals and is not a veterinarian shall:
- 1. Obtain an occupational license from his or her county of residence.
- 2. Advise each owner of an animal that will be treated of his or her knowledge or experience with the services that will be provided.
- 3. Provide his or her credentials upon the request of each owner of an animal that will be treated.
 - 4. Refrain from engaging in animal cruelty.
- 5. Refrain from advertising in any way that implies that he or she is a veterinarian.
 - 6. Refrain from diagnosing or prognosticating.
- (c) For independent contractors offering the following services, they must be able to demonstrate, upon request of the animal owner or an agency of the state, beginning July 1, 2008, that they have completed the following minimum specified hours

- of training or education in the field, which may include seminars, online education, classes, courses, schools, internships or apprenticeships, case studies, individual tutoring, or distributor or company training. An internship or apprenticeship may comprise up to twenty-five percent of the required minimum training or education hours.
 - 1. Animal acupressure 120 hours
- 2. Aromatherapy 50 hours, including 5 hours related to animals.
- 3. Flower essence therapy 50 hours, including 5 hours related to animals.
- 4. Homeopathy 120 hours, including 20 hours related to animals.
 - 5. Light therapy 20 hours
 - 6. Magnet therapy 20 hours
- 7. Animal massage or other animal touch therapies 75 hours
 - 8. Hydrotherapy 15 hours
 - 9. Animal nutritional counseling 100 hours

For the purposes of chapters 465 and 893, persons exempt pursuant to subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (4) are deemed to be duly licensed practitioners authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe drugs or medicinal supplies.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #:

PCB AG 06-01

SPONSOR(S): Agriculture Committee

Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services

TIED BILLS:

IDEN./SIM. BILLS:

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR
Orig. Comm.: Agriculture Committee		Kaiser (K	Reese A
1)			
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SUMMARY ANALYSIS

PCB AG 06-01 addresses a variety of issues relating to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. In regards to pest control, the bill amends the definition of "employee" to clarify this person is not independent of, but under the direct control of a licensee who provides compensation, supervision, and the means necessary to perform pest control for the licensee. The bill also requires the identification cardholder be an employee. Additionally, the bill amends the definition of "independent contractor" to be a person or company that meets at least one of the conditions of independent operation. The bill provides more flexibility in the development of rules to accommodate new types of pesticides used for preventive treatments of subterranean ermites in new construction. And lastly, the bill expands the products a Limited Commercial Landscape Maintenance (LCLM) certificate holder may apply to include fungicides and allows the LCLM certificate holder to provide proof of insurance once he/she has passed the certification examination.

In regards to mosquito control, the bill clarifies that the exemption to regulation under the pest control law applies only to those programs established and operated in accordance with the provisions of the mosquito control law.

The bill renames the Florida Food Safety and Food Security Advisory Council as the Florida Food Safety and Food Defense Advisory Council. The bill provides for all members of the Soil and Water Conservation Council to be voting members. And lastly, the bill removes the words "Form 51" in reference to the Rabies Vaccination Certificate to conform to federal law.

The bill has no apparent fiscal impact on state or local government. The effective date of this legislation is July 1, 2006.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. pcb01.AG.doc

STORAGE NAME:

1/26/2006

DATE:

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. HOUSE PRINCIPLES ANALYSIS:

Promote personal responsibility: By requiring all identification cardholders to be employees of a pest control business licensee, only persons who are adequately trained and supervised may apply pest control substances.

B. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Pest Control

Currently, each employee who performs pest control for a pest control licensee in Florida is required to have an identification card issued by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (department). Additionally, the law requires the identification card holder to be an employee, as defined by s. 482.021(7), F.S., and prohibits independent contractors from being issued identification cards.²

The Bureau of Entomology and Pest Control (bureau), within the department reports that recent investigations have determined that an unknown number of business licensees have been obtaining identification cards for individuals who are operating as independent business entities. Independent business entities who secure their own clients, collect money for their services, and provide their own vehicles and equipment, operate without the level of supervision and training typical of identification cardholders who are truly employees of pest control licensees. The department fears the lack of supervision and training provided to independent business entities, as well as a lack of liability insurance, present a danger to public safety.

The current definition of independent contractor requires several elements of independent activity be present before disciplinary action can be taken against a business licensee and the identification card of the independent contractor can be revoked. The department reports this increases the level of difficulty for developing evidence for a disciplinary action, as well as allowing business licensees to continue to provide identification cards to independent contractors.

The bill amends the definition of "employee" to clarify this person is not independent of, but under the direct control of, a licensee who provides compensation, supervision, and the means necessary to perform pest control for the licensee. The bill also requires the identification cardholder be an employee, as defined in s. 482.021(7), F.S. Additionally, the bill amends the definition of "independent contractor" to be a person or company that meets at least one of the conditions of independent operation.

The department currently has rule-making authority³ regarding the application of pesticides used in the preventive treatment for subterranean termites for new construction. This provision was established when the primary treatment was the application of large volumes of insecticides to the soil during construction. Since that time, new treatment methods have been developed, such as baiting systems, non-repellant termiticides, and direct application to wood. The bill provides more flexibility in the development of rules regarding these types of treatments.

Florida law⁴ establishes a certification category for persons who wish to apply certain low-risk pesticides to plant beds and ornamentals as part of landscape maintenance activities. Only persons who acquire this certification are authorized to perform the application. To date, approximately 3,200 Limited Commercial Landscape Maintenance (LCLM) certifications have been issued to persons who

s. 482.091(1)(a), F.S.

² "Independent contractor" is defined in s. 482.021(12), F.S.

³ s. 482.051(5), F.S.

⁴ s. 482.156, F.S.

work in the landscape maintenance industry and apply pesticides as part of their services. Chapter 482, F.S., places restrictions on the areas and types of pesticides certificate holders may apply. As technology has improved and new products have been developed, current law limits the ability of the certificate holders to perform landscape maintenance activities properly. The bill expands the types of products the certificate holders may apply to include fungicides.

Additionally, current law requires those seeking certification to obtain proof of insurance **prior** to passing the examination. According to the department, this requirement places an undue burden on applicants. The department estimates approximately 30,000 persons in the industry require LCLM certification. Voluntary compliance is, in part, hindered by current statutory requirements. The bill amends current law to require proof of insurance **after** passing the examination. The department believes this will result in increased compliance with the Florida Structural Pest Control Act and increase the number of individuals who will benefit from the pesticide application and safety training provided as part of the certification process.

Mosquito Control

Mosquito control is, in general, regulated by Chapter 388, F.S. Section 482.211, F.S., deals with the establishment and regulation of mosquito control programs operated by local governments. According to the department, a number of private companies have recently begun advertising mosquito control application services for consumers.

The bill clarifies that the exemption to regulation under Chapter 482, F.S., applies only to those programs established and operated in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 388, F.S. The department believes this will prevent unlicensed and untrained operators from conducting pest control activities under the guise of mosquito control.

Florida Food Safety and Food Defense Advisory Council

During the 2003 legislative session, the Florida Food Safety and Food Security Advisory Council (council) was created. The council had previously existed as an *ad hoc* task force created by the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services to ensure the safety of Florida's food supply in the aftermath of 9-11 and the Mad Cow disease outbreak in Europe. The council is composed of representatives from every facet of the food industry: production, processing, distribution, sales, consumers, food industry groups, experts in food safety, agencies charged with food safety oversight, and legislative representatives. The council provides a forum for presenting, investigating, and evaluating issues of current importance in food safety. During the course of its meetings, it came to the attention of the council that, in many nations, "food security" refers to maintaining an availability of an adequate supply of food. "Food defense" is used to refer to the "protection" of the food supply. The federal government is in the process of making the necessary changes to conform with those in use internationally and encourages states to do the same.

The bill renames the Florida Food Safety and Food Security Advisory Council as the Florida Food Safety and Food Defense Advisory Council.

Soil and Water Conservation Council

Also during the 2003 legislative session, the Agricultural Water Policy Group was integrated into the Soil and Water Conservation Council (council) by adding twelve non-voting *ex officio* members. These members represented the same interest groups that were represented in the Water Policy Group and are appointed by recommendations from the various interest groups.

In the two years since the integration, the council has become more diverse with a high level of participation from all members, voting or not. At the recommendation of the chair of the council, and with the support of the Commissioner of Agriculture, the bill provides for all members of the council to be voting members.

Rabies Vaccination

Due to a change in forms at the federal level, it is necessary to amend current Florida statutes to reflect the change at the state level. The bill removes the words "Form 51" in reference to the Rabies Vaccination Certificate.

C. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1: Amends s. 482.021, F.S.; revising definitions.

Section 2: Amends s. 482.051, F.S.; revising requirements regarding rule adoption as it relates to pesticides for subterranean termites.

Section 3: Amends s. 482.091, F.S.; clarifying provisions related to identification cards for pest control personnel.

Section 4: Amends s. 482.156, F.S.; requiring certification of commercial landscape personnel; revising materials used; removing obsolete provisions relating to fees.

Section 5: Amends s. 482.211, F.S.; providing an exemption for local governments relating to mosquito control.

Section 6: Amends s. 500.033, F.S.; renaming the Florida Food Safety and Food Security Advisory Council.

Section 7: Amends s. 582.03, F.S.; revising the composition of the Soil and Water Conservation Council.

Section 8: Amends s. 828.30, F.S.; updating a reference to the Rabies Vaccination Certificate.

Section 9: Provides an effective date of July 1, 2006.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

None

2. Expenditures:

None

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None

2. Expenditures:

None

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:
None

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

The bill does not require counties or municipalities to take an action requiring the expenditure of funds, does not reduce the authority that counties or municipalities have to raise revenues in the aggregate, and does not reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties or municipalities.

2. Other:

None

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None

IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE & COMBINED BILL CHANGES

PAGE: 5

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2006

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; amending s. 482.021, F.S.; revising the definitions of "employee" and "independent contractor" for purposes of pest control regulation; amending s. 482.051, F.S.; revising certain requirements of the department to adopt rules relating to the use of pesticides for preventing subterranean termites in new construction; amending s. 482.091, F.S.; clarifying provisions governing the performance of pest control services; amending s. 482.156, F.S.; requiring certification of individual commercial landscape maintenance personnel; revising the types of materials such personnel may use; removing obsolete provisions relating to fees; clarifying requirements relating to proof of education and insurance; amending s. 482.211, F.S.; clarifying exemption of certain mosquito control activities from regulation; amending s. 500.033, F.S.; renaming the Florida Food Safety and Food Security Advisory Council as the Florida Food Safety and Food Defense Advisory Council and revising duties accordingly; amending s. 582.06, F.S.; revising the membership of the Soil and Water Conservation Council; amending s. 828.30, F.S.; updating references to the Rabies Vaccination Certificate; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Page 1 of 8

PCB AG 06-01

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Section 1. Subsections (7) and (12) of section 482.021, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 482.021 Definitions.--For the purposes of this chapter, and unless otherwise required by the context, the term:
- (7) "Employee" means a person who is employed by a licensee that provides that person with necessary training, supervision, pesticides, equipment, and insurance and who receives compensation from and is under the personal supervision and direct control of the licensee's certified operator in charge and licensee from whose which compensation of the licensee regularly deducts and matches federal insurance contributions and federal income and Social Security taxes.
- (12) "Independent contractor" means an entity separate from the licensee that:
- (a) Receives moneys from a customer which are deposited in a bank account other than that of the licensee;
- (b) Owns or supplies its own service vehicle, equipment, and pesticides; $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}$
- (c) Maintains a business operation, office, or support staff independent of the licensee's direct control;
- (d) Pays its own operating expenses such as fuel, equipment, pesticides, and materials; or
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$ Pays its own $\underline{\text{worker'}}$ workers' compensation as an independent contractor.
- Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 482.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 482.051 Rules.--The department has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this chapter. Prior to proposing the adoption of a rule, the

Page 2 of 8

department shall counsel with members of the pest control industry concerning the proposed rule. The department shall adopt rules for the protection of the health, safety, and welfare of pest control employees and the general public which require:

- treatment for preconstruction treatments for the prevention of subterranean termites in new construction be applied in the amount, concentration, and treatment area in accordance with the label; that a copy of the label of the registered pesticide being applied be carried in a vehicle at the site where the pesticide is being applied; and that the licensee maintain for 3 years the record of each preconstruction treatment, indicating the date of treatment, the location or address of the property treated, the total square footage of the structure treated, the type of pesticide applied, the concentration of each substance in the mixture applied, and the total amount of pesticide applied.
- Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 482.091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 482.091 Employee identification cards.--
- (2)(a) An identification cardholder must be an employee of the licensee and work under the direction and supervision of the licensee's certified operator in charge and shall may not be an independent contractor. An identification cardholder shall operate may perform only pest control services out of, and or for customers assigned arising from, the licensee's licensed business location. An identification cardholder shall may not perform any pest control independently of and without the knowledge of the licensee and the licensee's certified operator in charge and shall may perform pest control only for the licensee's customers.

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Section 4. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 482.156, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 482.156 Limited certification for commercial landscape maintenance personnel.--
- category for <u>individual</u> commercial landscape maintenance personnel to authorize them to apply herbicides for controlling weeds in plant beds and to perform integrated pest management on ornamental plants using the following materials: insecticides <u>and fungicides</u> having the signal word "caution" but not having the word "warning" or "danger" on the label, insecticidal soaps, horticultural oils, and bacillus thuringiensis formulations. The application equipment that may be used by a person certified pursuant to this section is limited to portable, handheld 3-gallon compressed air sprayers or backpack sprayers having no more than a 5-gallon capacity and does not include power equipment.
- (2)(a) A person seeking limited certification under this section must pass an examination given by the department. Each application for examination must be accompanied by an examination fee set by rule of the department, in an amount of not more than \$150 or less than \$50; however, until a rule setting this fee is adopted by the department, the examination fee is \$50. Prior to the department's issuing a limited certification under this section, each person applying making application for the certification under this section must furnish proof of having a certificate of insurance which states that the employer meets the requirements for minimum financial responsibility for bodily injury and property damage required by s. 482.071(4).

(b) To be eligible to take the examination, an applicant must have completed 8 classroom hours of plant bed and ornamental continuing education training approved by the department and provide sufficient proof, according to criteria established by department rule, that the applicant has been in the landscape maintenance business for at least 3 years.

(b) The department shall provide the appropriate reference materials for the examination and make the examination readily accessible and available to applicants at least quarterly or as necessary in each county.

An application for recertification under this section must be made annually and be accompanied by a recertification fee set by $\underline{\text{rule of}}$ the department, in an amount of not more than \$75 or less than \$25; however, until a rule setting this fee is adopted by the department, the fee for recertification is \$25. The application must also be accompanied by proof of having completed 4 classroom hours of acceptable continuing education and the same proof of having a certificate of insurance as is required for issuance of this initial certification. After a grace period not exceeding 30 calendar days following the annual date that recertification is due, a late renewal charge of \$50 shall be assessed and must be paid in addition to the renewal fee. Unless timely recertified, a certificate automatically expires 180 calendar days after the anniversary recertification date. Subsequent to such expiration, a certificate may be issued only upon successful reexamination and upon payment of the examination fees due.

Section 5. Subsection (7) of section 482.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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482.211 Exemptions. -- This chapter does not apply to:

- (7) Area Mosquito control activities conducted by a local government or district established under chapter 388 or by a contractor of the local government or district.
- Section 6. Section 500.033, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 500.033 Florida Food Safety and Food <u>Defense</u> Security Advisory Council.--
- There is created the Florida Food Safety and Food (1)Defense Security Advisory Council for the purpose of serving as a forum for presenting, investigating, and evaluating issues of current importance to the assurance of a safe and secure food supply to the citizens of Florida. The Florida Food Safety and Food Defense Security Advisory Council shall consist of, but not be limited to: the Commissioner of Agriculture or his or her designee; the Secretary of Health or his or her designee; the Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation or his or her designee; the person responsible for domestic security with the Florida Department of Law Enforcement; members representing the production, processing, distribution, and sale of foods; consumers or and/or members of citizens groups; representatives of or food industry groups; scientists or other experts in aspects of food safety from state universities; representatives from local, state, and federal agencies that are charged with responsibilities for food safety or food defense security; the chairs of the Agriculture Committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives or their designees; and the chairs of the committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives with jurisdictional oversight of home defense issues or their

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designees. The Commissioner of Agriculture shall appoint the remaining members. The council shall make periodic reports to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services concerning findings and recommendations in the area of food safety and food defense security.

appropriate advice or recommendations on food safety or food defense security issues. In the discharge of their duties, the council members may receive for review confidential data exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1); however, it is unlawful for any member of the council to use the data for his or her advantage or reveal the data to the general public.

Section 7. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (1) of section 582.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

582.06 Soil and Water Conservation Council; powers and duties.--

- (1) COMPOSITION.--The Soil and Water Conservation Council is created in the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and shall be composed of 23 members as follows:
- (b) Twelve nonvoting ex officio members shall include one representative each from the Department of Environmental Protection, the five water management districts, the Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences at the University of Florida, the United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service, the Florida Association of Counties, and the Florida League of Cities, and two representatives of environmental interests.
- (c) All members shall be appointed by the commissioner. $\frac{Ex}{C}$

Page 7 of 8

appointed by the commissioner from recommendations provided by the organization or interest represented.

Section 8. Subsection (3) of section 828.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

828.30 Rabies vaccination of dogs, cats, and ferrets.--

- veterinarian shall provide the animal's owner and the animal control authority with a rabies vaccination certificate. Each animal control authority and veterinarian shall use the Form 51, "Rabies Vaccination Certificate," of the National Association of State Public Health Veterinarians (NASPHV) or an equivalent form approved by the local government that contains all the information required by the NASPHV Rabies Vaccination Certificate Form 51. The veterinarian who administers the rabies vaccine to an animal as required under this section may affix his or her signature stamp in lieu of an actual signature.
 - Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2006.

Committee Meeting Notice HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Speaker Allan G. Bense

Agriculture Committee

Start Date and Time:

Wednesday, February 22, 2006 01:30 pm

End Date and Time:

Wednesday, February 22, 2006 04:30 pm

Location:

214 Capitol

Duration:

3.00 hrs

Consideration of the following bill(s):

HB 507 Exemptions from the Tax on Sales, Use, and Other Transactions by Kreegel HB 641 Animal Service Providers by Russell

Consideration of the following proposed committee bill(s):

PCB AG 06-01 -- Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services

Interim project presentations:

Aerial Fire Suppression
Review of Florida Agricultural Best Management Practices (BMPs)
Burn Authorization Process, Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services' Division of Forestry

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

Bill No. PCB AG 06-01

COUNCIL/COMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	
Committee hearing bill Representative Poppell	: Agriculture offered the following:
Amendment (with t	itle amendment)
Between lines 185	-186, insert:
Section 7. Secti	on 570.954, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:	

- 570.954 Farm to Fuel.-
- (1) Short title.— This section may be cited as the "Florida Farm to Fuel Act."
- (2) Legislative findings and intent.--The Legislature finds that:
- (a) Utilization of Florida crops and biomass for production of bioenergy is important for the state's future energy stability, protection of its environment and continued viability of the state's agriculture industry.
- (b) The development of bioenergy will help to reduce demand for foreign fuels, reduce pollution, and promote economic growth.
- (c) There is a need to assist in the production and distribution of bioenergy.

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- (d) The state is ideally positioned to produce bioenergy due to its vast amount of farm acreage and mild climate, which permits crops to be grown virtually year round, and availability of other biomass.
 - (3) Purpose. -- This act is intended to provide grants to:
- (a) Stimulate capital investment in the state and to enhance the market for and promote the production and distribution of bioenergy.
- (b) Advance the already growing establishment of bioenergy technologies in the state and attract additional bioenergy production in the state.
- (c) Demonstrate technologies or processes that convert Florida grown crops, agricultural wastes and residues, or other biomass into bioenergy.
 - (4) Definitions. -- As used in this act, the term:
 - (a) "Act" means the Florida Farm to Fuel Act.
- (b) "Biomass" means a power source that is comprised of, but not limited to, combustible residues or gases from forest products manufacturing, agricultural and orchard crops, waste products from livestock and poultry operations and food processing, urban wood waste, municipal solid waste, municipal liquid waste treatment operations, and landfill gas.
- (c) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
- (d) "Person" means an individual, partnership, joint venture, private or public corporation, association, firm, public service company, or any other entity, public or private, however organized.
 - (5) Farm to Fuel Grants Program. --

- (a) The Farm to Fuel Grants Program is established within the department to provide grants for research, development and demonstration of commercial applications of bioenergy technology.
- (b) Grants for bioenergy projects may be made to any person based on the criteria in this section.
- (c) Factors the department may consider in awarding grants include, but are not limited to:
- 1. The degree to which the project stimulates in-state capital investment and economic development in metropolitan and rural areas, including the creation of jobs and the future development of a commercial market for bioenergy;
- 2. The degree to which a project produces bioenergy from Florida-grown crops or biomass;
- 3. The degree to which a project demonstrates efficient use of energy and material resources;
- 4. The degree to which the project fosters overall understanding and appreciation of bioenergy technologies;
- 5. The availability of matching funds and in-kind contributions from an applicant;
 - 6. Project duration and timeline for expenditures;
- 7. The project has a reasonable assurance of enhancing the value of agricultural products or will expand agribusiness in Florida; and,
- 8. Preliminary market and feasibility research has been conducted by the applicant or others and there is a reasonable assurance of a potential market.
 - (6) Florida Farm to Fuel Advisory Council. --

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- (a) The Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services may appoint a Florida Farm to Fuel Advisory Council pursuant to s. 570.0705.
- (b) The council shall provide advice and counsel to the Commissioner of Agriculture and Consumer Services on the production of bioenergy in the state.
- (c) The council shall be comprised of a diverse group of stakeholders, including the agriculture industry, researchers, fuel suppliers, technology manufacturers, environmental interests and others.
- (7) The department may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536 and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.
 - Section 8. Farm to Fuel production tax credit.--
- (1) TAX CREDIT. -- For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, a credit against the tax imposed by Chapter 220 shall be granted in an amount to be determined as follows:
- (a) A taxpayer that produces ethanol at a facility located in Florida is entitled to a credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability equal to the product of twenty cents (\$.20) multiplied by the number of gallons of ethanol produced at the facility using Florida grown commodities.
- (b) A taxpayer that produces biodiesel at a facility located in Florida is entitled to a credit against the taxpayer's state tax liability equal to the product of twenty cents (\$.20) multiplied by the number of gallons of biodiesel produced at the facility using Florida grown commodities.
- (2) RULES. -- The Department of Revenue shall have the authority to adopt rules relating to the forms required to claim a tax credit under this section, the requirements and basis for

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

Amendment No. (for drafter's use only)

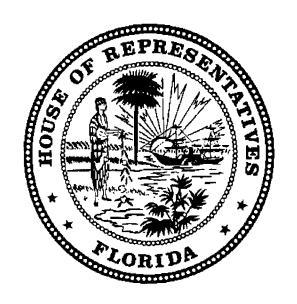
Remove line 21 and insert:

establishing an entitlement to a credit, and the examination and audit procedures required to administer this section.

(3) REPEAL. -- The provisions of this section are repealed on July 1, 2010.

========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========

accordingly; creating s. 570.954, F.S.; creating the "Florida Farm to Fuel Act"; providing legislative findings and intent; providing a purpose; providing definitions; establishing a grant program within the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; providing criteria for obtaining grants; establishing a Florida Farm to Fuel Advisory Council; providing duties of the council; providing membership of the council; allowing rule adoption by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; providing a tax credit; providing criteria for obtaining tax credit; allowing rule adoption by the Department of Revenue for implementation of tax credit program; providing for repeal of tax credit on July 1, 2010; amending s. 582.06, F.S.; revising the



Agriculture Committee ADDENDUM - A

Wednesday, February 22, 2006 1:30 pm - 4:30 pm 214 The Capitol

MEETING PACKET

Bill No. HB 641

COUNCIL/COMMITTEE A	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee hearing bill: Agriculture

Representative Russell offered the following:

Amendment

Remove everything after the enacting and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (5) is amended and subsection (9) is created in section 474.203, Florida Statutes, to read:

474.203 Exemptions.--This chapter shall not apply to:

(5) Any person, or the person's regular employee, administering to the ills or injuries of her or his own animals, including, but not limited to, castration, spaying, and dehorning of herd animals, unless title has been transferred or employment provided for the purpose of circumventing this law, or an independent contractor, working for the owner of a herd or flock animal, raised for food or fiber, for the purpose of providing routine herd or flock management tasks such as debeaking, castration, dehorning, and parasite control. This exemption shall not apply to out-of-state veterinarians practicing temporarily in the state. However, only a veterinarian may immunize or treat an animal for diseases which

Amendment No. 1

are communicable to humans and which are of public health significance.

- (9) (a) An independent contractor who, under the supervision of a person who is administering to the ills or injuries of his or her own livestock, herd, or flock animals, provides any of the following health care services to such animals: acupressure, aromatherapy, animal communication, farriery, flower essence therapy, homeopathy, light therapy, magnet therapy, massage or other touch therapies, hydrotherapy, nutritional counseling and manual equine teeth floating. For purposes of this subsection, the above described services are nonmedical, which means non-prescription and non-surgical.
- (b) An independent contractor who provides nonmedical health care services described in this subsection for livestock, herd, or flock animals and is not a veterinarian shall:
- 1. Obtain an occupational license from his or her county of residence.
- 2. Advise each owner of an animal that will be treated of his or her knowledge or experience with the services that will be provided.
- 3. Provide his or her credentials upon the request of each owner of an animal that will be treated.
 - 4. Refrain from engaging in animal cruelty.
- 5. Refrain from advertising in any way that implies that he or she is a veterinarian.
 - 6. Refrain from diagnosing or prognosticating.
- (c) Independent contractors offering the following services, must be able to demonstrate, upon request of the animal owner or an agency of the state, beginning July 1, 2008, that they have completed the following minimum specified hours

HOUSE AMENDMENT FOR COUNCIL/COMMITTEE PURPOSES

Amendment	Nο	1
Amendment	NO.	

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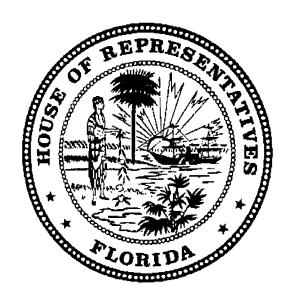
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- of training or education in the field, which may include
 seminars, online education, classes, courses, schools,
 internships or apprenticeships, case studies, individual
 tutoring, or distributor or company training. An internship or
 apprenticeship may comprise up to twenty-five percent of the
 required minimum training or education hours.
 - 1. Animal acupressure 120 hours
 - 2. Aromatherapy 50 hours, including 5 hours related to animals.
 - 3. Flower essence therapy 50 hours, including 5 hours related to animals.
 - 4. Homeopathy 120 hours, including 20 hours related to animals.
 - 5. Light therapy 20 hours
 - 6. Magnet therapy 20 hours
 - 7. Animal massage or other animal touch therapies 75 hours
 - 8. Hydrotherapy 15 hours
 - 9. Animal nutritional counseling 100 hours

For the purposes of chapters 465 and 893, persons exempt pursuant to subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (4) are deemed to be duly licensed practitioners authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe drugs or medicinal supplies.



Agriculture Committee ADDENDUM - B

Wednesday, February 22, 2006 1:30 pm - 4:30 pm 214 The Capitol

MEETING PACKET

REVISED "STRIKE-ALL" HB 641 BY REP. RUSSELL

Bill No. HB 641

COUNCIL/COMMITTEE	ACTION
ADOPTED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
ADOPTED W/O OBJECTION	(Y/N)
FAILED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITHDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHER	

Committee hearing bill: Agriculture

Representative Poppell offered the following:

Amendment

Remove everything after the enacting and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (5) is amended and subsection (9) is created in section 474.203, Florida Statutes, to read:

474.203 Exemptions. -- This chapter shall not apply to:

employee, or independent contractor administering to the ills, or injuries, wellness, or normally accepted animal husbandry practices of her or his own animals, including, but not limited to, castration, spaying, farriery, non-mechanical hand floating of teeth, debeaking, parasite control and dehorning of herd, livestock or flock animals, unless title has been transferred or employment provided for the purpose of circumventing this law. This exemption shall not apply to out-of-state veterinarians practicing temporarily in the state. However, only a veterinarian may immunize or treat an animal for diseases which are communicable to humans and which are of public health significance.

- (9) (a) An independent contractor who, under the supervision of a person who is administering to the wellness, ills or injuries of his or her own livestock, herd, or flock animals, provides any of the following health care services to such animals: acupressure, aromatherapy, animal communication, farriery, flower essence therapy, homeopathy, light therapy, magnet therapy, massage or other touch therapies, hydrotherapy, nutritional counseling and manual equine teeth floating. For purposes of this subsection, the above described services are nonmedical, which means non-prescription and non-surgical.
- (b) An independent contractor who provides nonmedical health care services described in this subsection for livestock, herd, or flock animals and is not a veterinarian shall:
 - 1. Obtain an occupational license.
- 2. Advise each owner of an animal that will be treated of her or his knowledge or experience with the services that will be provided.
- 3. Provide her or his credentials upon the request of each owner of an animal that will be treated.
 - 4. Not engage in animal cruelty.
- $\underline{\text{5.}}$ Not advertise in any way that implies that she or he is a veterinarian.
 - 6. Not diagnose or prognosticate.

For the purposes of chapters 465 and 893, persons exempt pursuant to subsection (1), subsection (2), or subsection (4) are deemed to be duly licensed practitioners authorized by the laws of this state to prescribe drugs or medicinal supplies.